



## COCKERE BOOAL.

ON MONDAY Evening, August 16. 1784, will be presented, A COMEDY (not acted here these many years), called,  
**A NEW WAY TO PAY OLD DEBTS.**

Written by Mr MASSINGER.

Mr GILES OVERREACH, Mr HENDERSON;  
(Being his last appearance here this season.)  
Mr Hallion; Lord Lovel; Mr Wilnot-Wells; Justice Greedy;  
Mr Charteris; Young Allworth; Mr Tannett; Tapwell; Mr Davis;  
Fumace; Mr Sparks; Order; Mr Smith; Amble; Mr Bland, junior;  
Watchall; Mr J. Bland;  
And Wellbourn, Mr SUTHERLAND;  
Lady Allworth, Mrs SPARKS;  
And Margaret Overreach, Mrs CHARLIERIS;  
Mrs WILMOT-WELLS.

## THREE WEEKS AFTER MARRIAGE.

To which will be added, a FARCE, called,  
**THREE WEEKS AFTER MARRIAGE.**  
Sir Charles Racker, Mr WOODS;  
Lovelace, Mr Tannett; Woody, Mr J. Bland;  
And Drogget, Mr CHARTERIS;  
Dimity, Mrs SPARKS;  
Mrs Drogget, Mrs Charteris; Nancy, Mrs Miller;  
And Lady Racker, Mrs WILMOT-WELLS.

TICKETS to be had, and places for the Boxes taken, of Mr Gino, at the Office of the Theatre.

## A NEW EDITION (IN OCTAVO) OF

Mr SHERIDAN'S

**Pronouncing & Explanatory English Dictionary,**  
TOGETHER WITH HIS RHETORICAL GRAMMAR,  
is now in the press, and will speedily be published, under his own immediate inspection.

As there has lately appeared a pirated edition in octavo of this work, printed in Dublin, without the permission or knowledge of the Author, he thinks it necessary to warn the Public against purchasing a book verily printed upon a vile paper, in which the types, particularly that mark the pronunciation, are so small, as scarcely to be visible without the aid of glasses; beside that the marks are often erroneously placed, or wholly omitted.—In this new edition, the utmost care will be taken that not a single error of that sort shall be found, and the types which mark the pronunciation are the same which were employed in the quarto. The Author hopes, therefore, that all those who are not already in possession of the pirated copy, will wait till they have an opportunity of comparing the two editions.

N. B. Whoever shall discover any person vending or exposing to sale any book or books of the above pirated edition, in Scotland, or elsewhere in Great Britain, shall, upon conviction of the delinquents, receive the sum of Ten Pounds from the Author, over and above the penalty by act of Parliament; to be paid by Mr Alexander Johnston, writer in Edinburgh.

**THERE is to be a Meeting of Gentlemen** educated at DUNSE SCHOOL, under the care of the late Mr WILLIAM CRICKMANN, at Mrs Weir's in Dunst, on Friday the 20th of August instant; when it is expected, that as many of these gentlemen as can make it convenient, will attend.

JAMES DICKSON of Antonhill, and  
WILLIAM HOME of Broomhouse, Esqrs; } Stewards.  
Dinner to be on the table at 3 o'clock.

Haddington, July 27. 1784.

**THIS day the Public Schools of this place** were examined in presence of the Magistrates, the Rev. Prebtery, and other gentlemen of learning. In the Latin School the several classes were separately and minutely examined. The judges were particularly attentive to, and highly pleased with, the proficiency the scholars had made in proportion to the time of their attendance.

In the English School the progress of the scholars in reading, writing, arithmetic, and accounts, was equally satisfactory.

The judges are confident that, under the care of a gentleman of Mr Johnston's knowledge and talents for teaching, the school of Haddington will prove an eminent and prosperous seminary of learning, and a public benefit to this part of the country.

N. B. The situation is pleasant and healthy. The Rector has a large convenient house, and excellent accommodation for Boarders, who must profit considerably under his immediate inspection.

## COUNTY OF FIFE.

THE following Gentlemen, Members of the VAGRANT CLUB, held at Edington's, Easter Wemy's, this 11th August 1784, being firmly determined to preserve GAME of all kinds on their respective estates in the undermentioned parishes, viz. Wemy's, Markiech, Auchtertool, Auchterderran, Falkland, Kettle, Auchtermuchty, Colliest, Kingcliffe, Strathmiglo, Keshoway, Cupar, Newburgh, Ely, Bortland, Aberdour, Kildrummy, Dyfar, Largo, Abbotshall, Kilconquhar, Cameron, Ceres, St Andrews, Kilmenny, Kinross, Monymusk, Dennino, Leslie, Saline, Carnbie, Pittenweem, Creigh, St Monans, Newburgh, Abdie, Abernethy, Kilmenny, Crail, and Torryhwa, request, that none of their qualified friends will sport thereon during this season without permission, and resolve to prosecute all poachers with the utmost rigour. Informations given in to the sheriff-clerk at Cupar, and the Commissary Clerk at St Andrews, will, upon conviction, be rewarded.

N. B. The Club is adjourned to Wednesday the 1st of September, at William Baillie's, Largo.

The Hon. Mr Wemy's of Wemy's, Col. Thomson of Charlton,  
Mr Wemy's of Unthank, Mr Cathcart of Pitcairrie,  
Mr Wemy's of Wemyshall, Capt. Durham, for  
Mr Durham of Largo, Sir Wm. Erskine of Torry,  
Mr Oswald of Dunnikier, Col. Thomson, for  
Mr Christie of Balchrytie, the Earl of Balcarras,  
Mr Balfour of Balbirnie, Sir Robt. Anstruther, Bart. And  
Mr Johnston of Lathrise, Mr Lumdaine of Fordergelly.

TO be SOLD, by public voluntary roup and sale, within the house of George Smith, New Inn, Aberdeen, upon Wednesday the 8th day of September next,

**The Mansion-house of STONNYWOOD,**  
with the offices, garden, pigeon-house, and that part of the estate called the lower barony of Stonnywood, consisting of the farm in the natural possession of the proprietor, the towns and lands of Walltown, Chapel, Farburns, Bents, Longfolds, and Watertown, with the village, houses, yards, and crofts of Greenburn, mill, miltures, and facken of Stonnywood, paper-mill, yearly fairs and the salmon-fishing in the river Don, belonging to said estate, of all which the present gross rents amount to about 475 l. Sterling. The mansion-house, which is modern and sufficient to accommodate any family, stands in a beautiful situation on the banks of the Don, within four miles of Aberdeen. The garden is inclosed with stone-walls, and well stocked with fruit-trees, and there is a complete set of farm-offices built in the most substantial manner, and covered with slated and tiled roofs. The lands hold of the Crown, and will entitle the purchaser to vote in electing a member for the county of Aberdeen, and the teinds were valued many years ago, and are exhausted.

For further particulars application may be made to Isaac Grant writer to the signet, Edinburgh, and James Thomson advocate in Aberdeen. They or either of them will satisfy enquirers as to the titles and rental. William Steed in Greenburn will show the lands.

## STATE LOTTERY, 1784.

JAMES THOMSON AND SON, Insurance Brokers, propose to open a LICENSED LOTTERY OFFICE, for selling tickets and shares in this year's state lottery, at their insurance office at the Cross, Edinburgh, where they hope for the countenance of their friends. They will always have on hand a proper assortment of shares, the original tickets of which will be lodged in the Bank of England, agreeable to act of Parliament.

No. of Prizes.	S	C	H	E	M	E	Total Value.
1	of	1,00,000	is				L. 10,000
2		10,000					10,000
2		5,000					10,000
4		2,000					8,000
10		1,000					10,000
20		500					10,000
100		100					11,000
200		50					10,000
11,650		20					233,000
12,000 Prizes,							L. 352,000
First drawn for the first six days, 500l. each,							3,000
First drawn, 15th day,							1,000
First drawn, 16th day,							1,000
First drawn, 19th day,							1,000
Last drawn,							1,000

24,000 Blanks.

36,000 Tickets. L. 360,000  
N. B. The lottery begins drawing the 22d of November.

## SEAL SKINS FOR SALE.

TO be SOLD upon Thursday the 19th day of August instant, at 12 o'clock noon, within the Whale-fishing Company's office in Dunbar, by public roup, 500 SEAL SKINS; which will be put up indifferent lots, for the accommodation of offerors.

TO be SOLD by Private Bargain.

**THE DWELLING HOUSE in the Parlia-**  
ment Square, at present possessed by the Right Honourable Henry Dundas, being part of the first floor up the stairs called the President Stairs, consisting of four rooms and a kitchen, and other conveniences.

The house will be shown at any time of the day by a servant. And for further particulars apply to James Newbigging, George's Square, or James Marshall writer to the signet, Milne's Square.

## TO BE LET.

**THE House of PEGGIE'S MILN,** with about Eight Acres of Land. The house consists of a parlour, drawing-room, four bed rooms, kitchen, and other conveniences, and is pleasantly situated on Almond river, in the parish of Gramond, five miles from Edinburgh, and half a mile from Gramond harbour. The premises have been lately let as a distillery, for which it is well adapted, having plenty of water, and the mill can be ground by a mill on the premises, or the house will answer for summer lodgings.

For the terms apply to Caddells and Edington at Gramond.

## ROUP OF HOUSES IN LEITH WYND.

TO be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, upon Tuesday the 24th of August inst. (in place of the 17th, as formerly advertised) between the hours of five and six afternoon, in the Council House of Canon gate, by the Trustees upon the sequestrated estate of James Ogilvie shoemaker in Leith Wynd.

Those TENEMENTS lying upon the east side of Leith Wynd, which belonged to the said James Ogilvie, consisting of fourteen dwelling-houses and shops, with a garden behind the same, well inclosed and stocked with fruit-trees. These subjects are presently let at the rent of 53 l. 3 s. Sterling, and will be exposed at the upset-price of 500 l. Sterling, being below ten years purchase.

The Houses let remarkably well, and are in good repair. The garden is a very pleasant spot, and the whole is advantageously situated for building and improvement.

The subjects will be exposed together or separately, as purchasers incline. If purchasers offer for the whole subjects in lots, it is proposed to divide them in the following manner, viz.

Lot I. Four Dwelling-houses, and part of the garden, rented at 22 l.  
Lot II. Four Dwelling-houses, and part of the garden, rented at 17 l. 10 s.

Lot III. Four Dwelling-houses, and part of the garden, rented at 13 l. 17 s.

The garden is slated out as it will be divided.  
James Ogilvie in Leith Wynd will show the subjects; and for further particulars apply to George Farquhar writer, New Town.

## Sheep and Pasture FARMS to be LET.

THERE are to be let for the space of nineteen years, or such other period of years as can be agreed on, and entered to at Whitfunday 1785.

The following Farms, lying in the parish of Crawford, and county of Lanerck, viz.

I. The lands of ELWAN FOOT, and Public House, presently possessed by William Gibson, formerly let at 133 l. 6 s. 3 d.

II. KIRKTON of CRAWFORD, possessed by ditto, formerly let at 80 l.

III. CROOKED STONE, BLACKBURN and BUDHOUSE, possessed by James Hope, formerly let at 420 l.

IV. Half of LITTLE CLYDE, possessed by William McQueen, formerly let at 33 l.

V. Half of GLENDOWRAN, possessed by James Cleland, at 20 l.

The public house of Elwan Foot is very well situated for business; it lies upon the great road from Glasgow to Carlisle, by Moffat and Dumfries, and is resorted to daily as a convenient stage by the diligences and stage-coaches that pass the road, and their companies.

The above farms consist either of excellent sheep-pasture, or of good arable lands; but it is unnecessary to give a particular description of each farm, as the superior quality, and the dryness and healthiness of the grounds as sheep pasture are universally known.

Proposals for leases may be given in to Mr Samuel Mitchelson, junior, clerk to the signet, betwixt and the 20th of September 1784; and such as are not accepted will be kept secret, if required.

EXCISE OFFICE, EDINBURGH, August 11. 1784.

## By order of the Hon. Commissioners of Excise.

ON FRIDAY the 20th of August instant, at

Twelve o'clock noon, there will be exposed to sale, by public Auction, in the Excise Warehouse of Leith, thirty chests containing 2510 lbs. of FINE BLACK TEA, lately condemned in the Court of Exchequer, and which may be seen in the said Warehouse, on the day before, and morning of the day of sale.

Also, on FRIDAY the 20th of August instant, at One o'clock afternoon, there will be exposed to sale, by public Auction, in the house of Charles White, victualler, on the Shore of Leith, a CUTTER, (formerly the Royal George Excise Yacht, and now lying in Leith Roads) of the burthen of 155 tons, with all her tackle, apparel, furniture, materials, and two boats, either with or without twelve eighteen pounders Carronades.

The vessel, which is very strong, and well built, and remarkably fit for the Guinea, or fruit, or wine trade, and her inventory, which is full and complete, may be seen, with the conditions of sale, any time next week, by applying to Mr James Hamilton, Shore-master of Leith.

## This Day is Published,

BY ELPHINSTON BALFOUR,  
And sold by him and the other Bookellers in Edinburgh,  
Price in boards Eighteen Shillings.

## ANTIENT METAPHYSICS,

VOLUME THE THIRD.

Containing the HISTORY and PARTISANRY of MEN.

WITH A PREFACE,

Containing the History of Antient Philosophy, both in antient and later times.

ALSO WITH

THREE DISSERTATIONS annexed, upon the following Subjects:  
I. Confirmations and Illustrations of what has been said in the preceding Volumes, upon the subject of the Principle of Sir Isaac Newton's Astronomy.  
II. An Inquiry into the Principle of the Motion of Bodies unorganized.  
III. The difference between Man and Brute farther illustrated and explained; with additional facts and observations concerning the Ours Outang, and Peter the Wild Boy.

At the above shop also may be had,

ANTIENT METAPHYSICS, Vol. I. and II. together or separately.  
ORIGIN OF LANGUAGE, 3 volumes, together or separately.

## A POINTER DOG.

TO be SOLD, a remarkable good French POINTER DOG, three years old, who travels high, and may be depended on.  
To be heard of at Mr Robertson's, grocer, Brindley-street.  
Not to be repeated.

## BERWICKSHIRE POLICE-SCHEME.

THE Committee and Subscribers are desired to meet in the house of Alexander Gordon vintner in Dunst, on Monday 23d August; agreeable to the regulation.

## Borrowfounness Canal Navigation.

A QUARTERLY GENERAL MEETING of the Proprietors of the Borrowfounness Canal Navigation, is to be held at the Duke of Hamilton's Arms here, on Tuesday the 17th current, at 11 o'clock forenoon, in terms of the Act of Parliament.  
Borrowfounness, August 12. 1784.

## NOTICE

To the Creditors of the late Mr CRAIGIE of Kilgalltown.  
THE agent in the ranking and sale of the estate of Kilgalltown requests, that the creditors will meet by themselves, or their agents, in the Exchange Coffee-house, on Thursday next the 17th instant, at one o'clock afternoon.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

ANDREW DUN, Merchant in Newtown of Paisley, as a creditor of William Brown merchant there, having applied to the Court of Session for a sequestration of his debtor's estates, the Court, after the usual requisites in the statute, did, upon the 11th current, sequester the whole real and personal estate of the said William Brown, wherever situated, and appoint his creditors to meet at Paisley, within the house of Mrs Graham vintner there, upon the 23d of August current, at 12 o'clock noon, to name an interim factor upon the same, all in terms of the statute.—Of which this public intimation is given, requiring all the said William Brown's creditors to meet time and place foresaid, where a Magistrate will attend to receive their grounds of debt, with oaths on the verity thereof.

## NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE Creditors of the deceased Mr DANIEL BRYCE, late minister of the gospel at Loggie Park, are desired by his executors to lodge notes of their debts due by him, with oaths of verity thereon, in the hands of John Ogilvie writer in Montrose, by the 22d of September next; certifying those who do not comply with this notice, that they will be entitled to no part of the executors funds. And those who are indebted to the said Mr Daniel Bryce by bills, accounts, or otherwise, are requested to pay in the same to the said John Ogilvie, who is authorized to grant discharges.

Not to be repeated.

## NOTICE

To the CREDITORS of JOHN POLLOCK, Merchant in Edinburgh.

JOHN PEAT, writer in Edinburgh, having been chosen trustee for managing the real and personal sequestrated estate of the said John Pollock, does hereby require the whole of the said John Pollock's creditors to lodge with him their claims and vouchers of debt against the bankrupt, with their oaths for proving the same, betwixt and the 8th day of March next, being nine months from the 8th day of June last, when the sequestration of the said estate was awarded, in terms of the statute passed in the 23d year of his present Majesty: certifying hereby such of the creditors who shall neglect to comply with this requisition, that they will not be entitled to any share in the first distribution of the said estate.

## First Notice—First Term.

IN the process of ranking and sale, at the instance of George Ross, eldest son of the deceased Andrew Ross, late factor for Sir Laurence Dundas of Kerke, Bart. over the Earldom of Orkney, and tackman of the Bishopric of Orkney, and John Heddie writer in Kirkwall, both diligences of the said Andrew Ross, and trustees for his creditors, widow and children, with concurrence of his Majesty's Advocate, against William Graham now of Housford, painter in or near London, only son and heir of the deceased Alexander Graham, late of Housford and his predecessors creditors; Lord Swinton, Ordinary, by interlocutor, dated the 21st of July last, nominated the Lord Braxfield of course to rank the creditors, and assigned the 15th day of November next, for the first term, to the whole creditors to produce all their claims, rights, and diligences competent to them respectively, against the bankrupt of his estate, with certification as in a reduction and improprietion, and assigned the same day for the creditors deponing on the verity of their debts; and ordained intimation thereof to be inserted in the Edinburgh Courant and Caledonian Mercury weekly, for three successive weeks after the date of the said interlocutor, to the end it may come to the knowledge of all parties concerned.

O. M. KIRKPATRICK, Clerk.

## Second Notice—First Term.

IN the process of Ranking and Sale at the instance of William Lowden student of divinity at Colmaun, with concurrence of his Majesty's Advocate, against William Fraser of Little Cocklick and his creditors, the Lord Rockville Ordinary, upon the 3d day of August 1784, nominated the Lord Edgemoor of course to be Ordinary to the ranking of said creditors; as also, assigned the 15th day of November next to the whole creditors to produce all their claims, rights, and diligences competent to them respectively against the bankrupt or his estate; and that for the first term; with certification as in a reduction and improprietion: And ordained the said interlocutor to be inserted in the Edinburgh Evening Courant and Caledonian Mercury, once every week for three weeks successively, immediately after the date thereof, to the end it might come to the knowledge of all parties concerned.

C. H. STEVENSON, Clerk.

## FOR SALE.

A NEW VESSEL, burthen 72 tons, carpenters measure; for bottom, oak upper works, and oak ceiling, almost ready to launch.  
Apply to Alexander Bruce, Dyfart.  
Not to be repeated.





Whitehall, August 9.

**EXTRACT** of a letter from the President and Council of Bombay, to the Secret Committee of the Court of Directors of the East India Company, transmitted to the Right Hon. Lord Sydney, his Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Home Department, dated Bombay Castle, April 7. 1784; received over land August 3.

A few hours after we had closed our accompanying address of the 31st ultimo, on the 1st instant we were informed, by advices from Lieutenant Colonel Barry of the 12th, that the Treaty of Peace between the Honourable Company and the Nabob Tippoo Sultan, had been actually signed the night before.

Yesterday, by the return of the Scorpion from Tellicherry, we received two letters from the Commissioners, Messrs. Staunton and Huddleston, of the 12th and 18th ultimo, inclosing a copy of the treaty itself, and an address to the Honourable the Court of Directors, which we now have the honour to transmit with this.

We embrace this early opportunity of congratulating your honours on this happy event having at length taken place, and of peace being restored to your settlements in India.

**TREATY OF PEACE with the NABOB TIPPOO SULTAN BAHADER.**

(The Company's Seal.) (Tippoo Sultan's Seal.)

**TREATY** of perpetual Peace and Friendship between the Hon. the English East India Company, and the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader on his own behalf, for the countries of Seringapatam, Hyder Nagar, &c. and all his other possessions, settled by Anthony Sadler, George Leonard Staunton, and John Huddleston, Esquires, on behalf of the Honourable English East India Company, for all their possessions, and for the Carnatic Payen Gant, by virtue of powers delegated to the Right Honourable the President and Select Committee of Fort St. George for that purpose, by the Honourable the Governor General and Council appointed by the King and Parliament of Great Britain to direct and control all political affairs of the Honourable East India Company in India, and by the said Nabob, agreeably to the following articles, which are to be strictly and invariably observed, as long as the sun and moon shall last, by both parties; that is to say, by the English Company, and the three Governments of Bengal, Madras, and Bombay, and the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader.

**Article I.**

**PEACE** and friendship shall immediately take place between the said Company and the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader, and their friends and allies; particularly including therein the Rajahs of Tanjore and Travencore, who are friends and allies to the English, and the Carnatic Payen Gant; also Tippoo Sultan's friends and allies: The Baby of Cannanore, and the Rajahs or Zemindars of the Malabar coast, are included in this treaty. The English will not directly or indirectly assist the enemies of the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader, nor make war upon his friends or allies; and the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader will not, directly or indirectly, assist the enemies, nor make war upon the friends or allies of the English.

**Art. II.** Immediately after signing and sealing the treaty by the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader, and the three English Commissioners, the said Nabob shall send orders for the complete evacuation of the Carnatic, and the restoration of all the forts and places in it now possessed by his troops, the forts of Ambourgar and Sargur excepted: And such evacuation and restoration shall actually and effectually be made in the space of thirty days from the day of signing the treaty: And the said Nabob shall also, immediately after signing the treaty, send orders for the release of all the persons who were taken and made prisoners in the late war, and now alive, whether European or native; and for their being safely conducted to and delivered at such English forts or settlements as shall be nearest to the places where they now are, so that the said release and delivery of the prisoners shall actually and effectually be made in thirty days from the day of signing the treaty. The Nabob will cause them to be supplied with provisions and conveyances for the journey, the expense of which shall be made good to him by the Company. The Commissioners will send an officer or officers to accompany the prisoners to the different places where they are to be delivered; in particular, Abdel Wahab Cawn, taken at Chittoor, and his family, shall be immediately released, and, if willing to return to the Carnatic, shall be allowed to do so. If any person or persons belonging to the said Nabob, and taken by the Company in the late war, be now alive, and in prison in Bencoolen, or other territories of the Company, such person or persons shall be immediately released, and, if willing to return, shall be sent without delay to the nearest fort or settlement in the Mysore country: Baswapa, late Amuldar of Palicacherry, shall be released, and at liberty to depart.

**Art. III.** Immediately after signing and sealing the treaty, the English Commissioners shall give written orders for the delivery of Onore, Carwar, and Sadahevagada, and forts or places adjoining thereto, and send a ship or ships to bring away the garrisons. The Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader will cause the troops in those places to be supplied with provisions, and any other necessary assistance for their voyage to Bombay, (they paying for the same); the Commissioners will likewise give, at the same time written orders for the immediate delivery of the forts and districts of Caroor, Auracourchy and Daraparam; and immediately after the release and delivery of the prisoners as before mentioned, the fort and district of Dindigul shall be evacuated and restored to the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader, and none of the troops of the Company shall afterwards remain in the country of the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader.

**Art. IV.** As soon as all the prisoners are released and delivered, the fort and district of Cannanore shall be evacuated, and restored to Ali Rajah Biby, the Queen of that country, in the presence of any one person, without troops, whom the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader may appoint for that purpose; and at the same time that the orders are given for the evacuation and delivery of the forts of Cannanore and Dindigul, the said Nabob shall give written orders for the evacuation and delivery of Ambourgar and Sargur to the English; and in the mean time none of the troops of the said Nabob shall be left in any part of the Carnatic, except in the two forts above mentioned.

**Art. V.** After the conclusion of this treaty, the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader will make no claim whatever in future on the Carnatic.

**Art. VI.** All persons whatsoever, who have been taken and carried away from the Carnatic Payen Gant, (which includes

Tanjore) by the late Nabob Hyder Ali Cawn Bahader, who is in Heaven, or by the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader, or otherwise belonging to the Carnatic, and now in the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader's dominions, and willing to return, shall be immediately allowed to return with their families and children, or as soon as may be convenient to themselves; and all persons belonging to the Vencatagerry Rajah, who were taken prisoners in returning from the fort of Vellore, to which place they had been sent with provisions, shall also be released, and permitted immediately to return. Lists of the principal persons belonging to the Nabob Mahomed Ali Cawn Bahader, and to the Rajah of Vencatagerry, shall be delivered to the Nabob Tippoo Sultan's Ministers. And the Nabob will cause the contents of this article to be publicly notified throughout his country.

**Art. VII.** This being the happy period of general peace and reconciliation, the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader, as a testimony and proof of his friendship to the English, agrees, that the Rajahs or Zemindars on this coast, who have favoured the English in the late war, shall not be molested on that account.

**Art. VIII.** The Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader hereby renews and confirms all the commercial privileges and immunities given to the English by the late Nabob Hyder Ali Cawn Bahader, who is in Heaven, and particularly stipulated and specified in the treaty between the Company and the said Nabob, concluded the 8th of August 1770.

**Art. IX.** The Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader shall restore the factory and privileges possessed by the English at Calicut until the year 1779, (or 1193 Hegira) and shall restore Moun Dilly, and its district, belonging to the settlement of Tellicherry, and possessed by the English till taken by Sadar Cawn at the commencement of the late war.

**Art. X.** This treaty shall be signed and sealed by the English Commissioners, and a copy of it shall afterwards be signed and sealed by the President and Select Committee of Fort St. George, and returned to the Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader in one month, or sooner if possible; and the same shall be acknowledged under the hands and seals of the Governor General and Council of Bengal, and the Governor and Select Committee of Bombay, as binding upon all the Governments in India; and copies of the treaty, so acknowledged, shall be sent to the said Nabob in three months or sooner, if possible. In testimony whereof, the said contracting parties have signed, sealed, and interchangeably delivered two instruments of the same tenor and date; to wit, the said three Commissioners on behalf of the Honourable English East India Company, and the Carnatic Payen Gant, and the said Nabob Tippoo Sultan Bahader on his own behalf, and the dominions of Seringapatam and Hyder Nagar, &c. Thus executed at Mangalore (otherwise called Codial Bander) this 11th day of March, and year 1784 of the Christian era, and 116th day of the moon Rabithafany, in the year of the Hegira 1198.

Tippoo Sultan's Signature here. { Anth Sadler, (L. S.)  
Geo. Leonard Staunton, (L. S.)  
John Huddleston, (L. S.)  
A true Copy,

W. G. Jackson, Secretary to the Embassy.

**Madrid, July 19.** A courier arrived from Don Antonio Barcelo on the 19th, with letters dated the 13th instant, from which we learn, that the Combined Fleet was at anchor in the Bay of Algiers, and that the first attack had been made upon the place on the 12th in the morning: That the Algerines did not come out to meet the assailants as had been expected; but their gun-boats (sixty in number) were drawn up without the walls of the town, ready to receive them: That the Spaniards had sunk four of the enemy's gun-boats, and that a fire had been observed in the town, which broke out at ten o'clock in the morning; and burnt till past four in the afternoon: That the principal loss sustained by the assailants was from the bursting of one of the Spanish bombs, by which two officers and six men were killed; and a gun-boat, the crew of which were Neapolitans, blew up some hours after the action. A second attack was to take place on the 13th.

**Commissioners signed by his Majesty for the army in Ireland; all dated May 31. 1784.**

3d Regiment of Horse. Lieutenant Charles Ross, of the 7th, or Queen's own regiment of Light Dragoons, to be Captain, vice John Reed, who retires.

4th Horse. Lieutenant James Gray Ruddock, to be Captain, vice Edward Ward, who retires. Eldest Cornet Edward Barry, to be Lieutenant.

15th Dragoons. Mr. George Bell to be Cornet, vice Francis M. Naghten, by purchase.

4th Foot. Captain Francis Lord Napier, from the half-pay of the Additional Company of the 33rd foot, to be Captain, vice Adam Goudney, who exchanges.

5th Foot. Eldest Ensign Ralph Ross Leven to be Lieutenant, vice Wingfield-Hutton, who retires. Mr. John Monk Robert Dillon Mason to be Ensign.

6th Foot. Surgeon Nicholas Archer, from the half-pay of the 20th regiment of Dragoons, to be Surgeon, vice Owen Owen, who exchanges.

10th Foot. Ensign John Wallhouse, from the British half-pay of the 12th foot, to be Ensign, vice William Ross, who exchanges.

65th Foot. Mr. William Howe, Campbell to be Ensign, vice William Browne, by purchase.

66th Foot. Mr. Charles Hudson to be Ensign, vice Henry Hatton, who retires.

67th Foot. Mr. Robert Dominek Dalton to be Ensign, vice William Lowe, who retires. Mr. John Montague Maiawaring to be Ensign, vice Cooke Reynald, who retires.

STAFF. Burtin Sinden, Esq. to be Town-Major of Limerick, vice Joshua Willcocks, Esq. deceased.

**INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S, August 10.**

Captain Burton, of the British Queen, arrived at Dover, from Jamaica, spoke the Two Brothers, Brathwaite, off the island of Hispaniola, all well, on the 26th of June.

The John and Margaret, Leonard, from Bordeaux, for Limerick, was drove on shore at Baltimore, and ship and cargo entirely lost.

The Signon Taylor, Baker, and Jarret, Palmer, from Bristol, to Jamaica, sailed Antigua, all well.

The Hannah, Ayron, from London, to Memel, was put on shore at Memel, the 13th of July, in a violent storm, and little hopes of getting her off.

The Mary, Hunter, and Chiffiana, — from Jamaica for Glasgow, were seen off Cape Anthony, by the Active, Moulton, arrived in the Downs.

Le Pelerin, George, is on shore on Portland Beach.

The Mars, Poushny, from Memel to Workington, going into the harbour, got aground, and received considerable damage, but is got off, and now in safety.

The Lucy, Williams, from Valdecia, for London, foundered off Cape de Gatt, the 10th July. The captain and crew were taken up, and carried into Malaga by the Nancy, Gardner.

The L. Escalon, Doudet, from Marseilles, is on shore at Alderney, and filled with water.

The Jute, Labey, is lost on Musquito shore.

**HOUSE OF PEERS.**

Monday, August 9.

The Exchequer loan bill, the horse duty bill, the England bill, and the bill relative to the annexed estate in Scotland, were presented, and read a first time.

Lord Howard of Walden took the oath and his fellow peers. A petition signed by several pawn-brokers was presented, praying that a day might be appointed for the reading of their bill; the same being read, the bill was then motioned, ordered to be read a third time on Friday next, liberty for counsel to be heard at the same time.

The order of the day was read for the third reading of East India regulation bill, the same was accordingly read a third time; and upon being put, "That this bill do now pass," it was carried in the affirmative.

A protest was afterwards entered, and is at present by the Dukes of Portland and Devonshire, Lords Cholmondeley, and Northampton.

The East India relief bill was read a second time, and committed for Thursday next.

Lord Sydney presented the treaty of peace between the Nabob Tippoo Sultan and the East India Company, dated 11th day of March 1784.

The bill "to empower the Bishop of London for the being, or any other Bishop to be by him appointed, to order of Deacon or Priest, persons being subjects or citizens of countries out of his Majesty's dominions, without requiring them to take the oath of allegiance, as appointed by law," and the bill relative to ale licences, were read a first time and committed.

**HOUSE OF COMMONS.**

Monday, August 9.

**READ** a first time the Sinking Fund bill.

Read a second time the wheat importation bill.

Read also a second time, and committed for Wednesday next, game duty bill.

Deferred till the morrow the Committee on the hat duty bill.

Went through in Committee, with amendments, the livery duty bill.

Passed the two Exchequer, the Bank of England debt, Scotch forfeited estates, and postage bills.

Resolved to go into a Committee on the morrow, to consider of the expiring laws.

Presented the treaty of peace concluded with Tippoo Sultan.

Mr. Cooke then moved for leave to bring in a bill to remove all doubts as to persons not born in America, but who having settled on that continent before the year 1770, and having adhered to their loyalty to his Majesty, are entitled to the protection of the British Government.

The Attorney General objected to the title, expressing doubts which had not been stated by the Hon. member, and was of opinion, that unless the persons meant to be relieved were proved to be of the blood of the British, the bill would have too large an extent, and be in fact an act of general naturalization.

After a little more conversation on the subject, the motion was withdrawn.

The question being then put for the third reading of the horse-tax bill,

Lord Fielding moved to add a clause by way of rider, for exemption with regard to the breed of strong horses, which, his Lordship said, had declined since the improvement of the public roads. In Prussia and Sardinia great care was taken to preserve the breed of horses fit for war, and he thought it example ought to be adopted by this country.

The Speaker informed his Lordship, that in order to be added to the bill the clause should have originated in the Committee, on which the matter dropped.

Upon the third reading of the qualification bill,

Sir Edward Ashley expressed a wish for the repeal of the game laws, and recommended a tax upon dogs.

Mr. Cooke having moved for a Committee to inquire into the situation of the American Loyalists,

The Chancellor of the Exchequer observed, that Commissioners were employed in the very business which the motion expressed, and therefore wished it to be withdrawn, as unnecessary. The motion was accordingly withdrawn.

The House having then gone into a Committee of Ways and Means, Mr. Hulse objected to interdict being allowed upon Ordinance debentures after being due fifteen months.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer said, the Ordinance debt had been outstanding three years, and the usual time of discharging it having formerly been 15 months, it was but reasonable some compensation should be made to those who had given such long credit to Government.

After some further conversation, in which Mr. Steele, Mr. Dempster, and Mr. Courtenay joined, the House was refused.

Mr. Rose then moved for leave to bring in a bill to prevent frauds upon the revenue in the articles of soap and starch, by confining the manufacture thereof to market towns, and a circle of one mile distance, or within ten miles of London.

Mr. Dempster and Mr. Jolliffe said, they meant by no means to oppose a measure for preventing frauds upon the revenue, but they thought the proposition brought forward too late in the session, to frame the bill with such care as would be necessary to protect individuals from injury.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer said, such provision would be made in the Committee, but wished the bill to pass this session, as it would save Government from 50 to 100,000 l. Leave was therefore given to bring in the bill.

The report of the smuggling bill was then brought up, and several amendments made to it, after which the House adjourned.

From the London Papers, Aug. 10.

**LONDON.**

It is confidently said, that the Prince of Wales will make an excursion to the Continent this summer. Paris is the object of his Royal Highness's wishes; but it is whispered, that, for political reasons, his journey to that fashionable metropolis will not take place at present.

Very disagreeable accounts, we are assured, have lately been received from North America, respecting the conduct of a great officer there, upon whom it is said there are claims to the amount of 300,000 l.

By the last American papers we learn, that the people of that country are in the most distressed situation: a government without authority—subjects without obedience; many lives have actually been lost in a sort of civil war between the back-settlers from Pennsylvania and those from Connecticut: the Pennsylvanians



Canians have indeed been victorious, and driven but their enemies; but the most knowing people of that province fear a bloody retaliation.

No less than 2000 families have emigrated from the Thirteen United Provinces, and taken refuge in the New State of Vermont, the people of which are now at open war with the State of New York: but, notwithstanding every effort of Congress, they find it impossible to keep their subjects at home. Such is the grievous oppression of their taxes, and the weakness of government.

This week will terminate the Parliamentary business in the House of Commons, that Assembly being to adjourn on Friday, and on the Thursday following his Majesty will go down to the House of Peers and prorogue the Parliament.

Saturday the Westminster scrutiny finished in the parish of St Anne's, when the numbers stood, on the part of Sir Cecil Wray, 26 bad—on the part of Mr Fox 25 bad. So that, after an expense of about 5000*l.* and the fatigue of two months, the partisans of the Court-candidates find themselves foiled at their own weapons in their favourite parish, and still more behind than they were at first.

Moor Park being sold for 15,500*l.* is a mistake, that sum being the price of one of the lots only, and exclusive of the timber, fixtures, &c. in the said lot.

The French court is using every means, by encouraging trade, to increase the number of their seamen; for this end, they are establishing a Company at Dunkirk, to carry on the whale fishery. Government lend them two hundred thousand livres (about eight thousand pounds) free of interest, and a like sum has already been subscribed by the merchants; they mean, besides the Greenland fishery, to carry on a southern fishery on the coast of Brazil.

In case the business can be dispatched, it is said the Parliament will be prorogued on the 15th inst. After which, the new regulations with respect to franking will take place, and such franks as are not signed, and dated the very day they are dispatched by the member, will be charged with postage.

It is estimated that the new duty on raw silk, will, upon no species of manufactured goods, amount to more than 4 or 5 per cent. at most. On slight silks it may come to 3 or 4 pence per yard, and on silk stockings about a great a-pair; both the manufacturers and silk dealers seem to be well satisfied with this tax, which cannot be evaded, will fall equal on all concerned, and will be easily collected. It will also be more productive than the proposed duty on gauzes.

A packet is in readiness to sail for Bengal, soon after the India bill receives the Royal assent, which will also carry letters for India.

The navy bill holders are now perfectly satisfied with the concessions made by Mr Pitt, and the whole sum of six millions will be funded by the beginning of September; and afford a new species of stocks for jobbers to play with in the market.

The experiment of sending the mail from the Post-office by the Diligence from Bath and Bristol, which commenced on Monday last, seems fully to have answered the end, proposed, of saving one third of the time. Letters are now conveyed in sixteen hours from London to Bristol, and returned to London in a like time, which by the old method of riding the mail, took up near twenty-four hours. It is hoped, this useful regulation will soon be extended to all the great roads in the kingdom. When the public is to pay additional postage, every dispatch and accommodation possible ought to be given.

On Saturday last, the following resolutions were agreed to in the House of Commons, viz. that the holders of navy bills bearing date on or before the 30th of June 1782, shall be entitled to a capital in the Bank of England of 107*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.* to be attended with annuities of 5*l.* per cent. irredeemable till 25 millions of the three and four per cents. are paid off.

That Ordinance debentures shall bear four per cent. from the expiration of 15 months after the 15th of July 1784, at the rate of 107*l.* 10*s.* 6*d.*

That towards raising the supply 800,000*l.* be granted from the surplus of the Sinking Fund. That towards making good the supply 104,000*l.* be granted from the receipt of the Exchequer.

That 6*d.* per ounce additional be paid on all silver materials imported, and 8*s.* per ounce on gold. That 2*s.* per pound, with bounty on exportation, shall be paid on all ribbons and stuffs of silk (except gauzes made in Great Britain).

That 2*s.* 8*d.* shall be paid bounty on exported silks mixed with gold and silver; 1*s.* 9*d.* per pound on silk stockings, gloves, fringes, laces, stitching or sewing silk, made in Great Britain; 6*d.* per pound on stuffs made of silk; 4*d.* per pound on stuffs made of silk and wool.

That every maltster, from his consumption or sales, from 50 quarters to 600, shall take out a licence from 5*s.* to 3*l.*

That 15,000*l.* be granted to make good the like sum issued pursuant to addresses. That 35,841*l.* be granted to make good the like sum, issued in pursuance of addresses. That 12,212*l.* be granted to replace the like sum issued for the support of the convicts on the river Thames. That 13,000*l.* be granted for the support of the garrisons on the coast of Africa.

That 7,850*l.* be granted to perfect the purchase of the soil of the Bahama islands, and to support the civil establishment, in addition to the salaries now paid out of the duty fund to the public offices. That 500*l.* be added to the salary proposed to be allowed to the Chief Justice of Bermuda and Summer Islands, from the 24th of June 1784, to the same date in 1785.

That 900*l.* be granted to the Commissioners of public accounts.

That 700*l.* be granted to the Secretaries of the Commissioners appointed to enquire into the losses of the American loyalists but before provided for by Parliament.

Extract of a letter from Shewbury, Aug. 7.

"On Friday last, at seven o'clock, came on to be tried at this place, before Judge Buller and a Special Jury, the long depending trial of the Dean of St Asaph, for a libel. The Court was so crowded, that it was some time before the judge could find admission. The prosecution was opened by Mr Bearcroft, with liberality and candour. After having stated the nature and dangerous tendency of the libel, he established the publication of it by a clergyman, to whom the Dean sent it in order to be printed. Mr Erskine then addressed the jury in defence of the Dean, in a speech of two hours, which excited universal admiration from the eloquence and learning which prevailed every part of it. He attacked the doctrines established in cases of libel by Lord Mansfield; but spoke of him at the same time in terms of the highest reverence and affection. He anticipated the same doctrines from Mr Justice Buller, and

warned the jury against them, saying, they were unwarranted by ancient precedents, and destructive of liberty.

"Mr Bearcroft made a very eloquent and able reply, admitting Mr Erskine's doctrine as to the right of Juries, in a manner truly constitutional; but making some very nice distinctions in favour of the prosecutor.

"The Judge then summed up, and told the jury they must at all events convict the defendant. The publication being proved; the doctrine established by Lord Mansfield was now settled, as law, that it was improper to stir it. The jury withdrew, and returned a verdict, 'Guilty of publishing only.' The Judge told them that the word *only* should be left out. Mr Erskine insisted on its remaining, and an altercation ensued, which ended in the jury's saying, they found the Dean published the pamphlet; but that as to its being a libel, they did not say that."

PRICE OF STOCKS, Aug. 7.	
Bank Stock 116 <i>l.</i>	3 per cent. Ann. —
4 per cent. Ann. 1777. 74 <i>l.</i> 2 <i>s.</i> 3 <i>d.</i>	India Bonds paid, —
3 per cent. con. 56 <i>l.</i> 2 <i>s.</i> 3 <i>d.</i>	Ditto unpaid, 3 a 4 disc.
3 per cent. red. 57 <i>l.</i> 2 <i>s.</i> 3 <i>d.</i>	Exchequer Bills, 1 a 4 disc.
3 per cent. 1716, —	Navy Bills, 12 disc.
Long Ann. 17 5-16ths a 3.	3 per cent. Scrip. 37 <i>l.</i>
Short Ann. 1778. 12 1/2 a 5-16ths.	4 per cent. Scrip. 75 <i>l.</i>
South Sea Stock —	Annulment 23 prem.
3 per cent. Old Ann. 57 <i>l.</i>	Lottery Tickets, 15 <i>l.</i> 11 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i>
Ditto New Ann. —	a 20 <i>s.</i>
Ditto 1751, —	Light Long Ann. 17 <i>l.</i>
India Stock, —	

WIND AT DEAR, Aug. 9. N. E.

## EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, Aug. 10.

### HOUSE OF PEERS.

"In a committee on the licenses bill, went through the same, and made a report thereof to the House.

"The Exchequer loans bill, and the Bank of England bill, were read a second time, and committed for to-morrow.

"The committee on the Clyde navigation bill was upon motion ordered to be revived.

### HOUSE OF COMMONS.

"The following bills were read a second time and committed, viz. linen duty bill, gold assay bill, silk bill, Post-office bill, and sinking fund bill.

"The Bishop of London's bill was presented and read a first time.

"The bill respecting Navy bills, and the candle-duty bill, were reported, and ordered to be engrossed.

"A motion was made for leave to bring in "a bill to extend the powers granted to his Majesty, by an act of the 23d of his Majesty's reign, for the better carrying on the trade and commerce between the subjects of his Majesty's dominions and the inhabitants of the United States of America, to the trade and commerce of this kingdom, with the British colonies and plantations in America, with respect to certain articles therein to be mentioned." It was then moved for the House to resolve itself immediately into a committee, to consider of the said motion.

"The Speaker then left the Chair, and after some time Mr Gilbert reported, that the Committee had come to a resolution; the same was received, and a motion afterwards made for leave to bring in the bill above mentioned, which was agreed to."

Yesterday, Lady Lauder Dick was safely delivered of a son at Fountainhall.

Mrs Marjory Fleming, widow of the late Hon. John Elphinstone, died here on Wednesday last. It is hoped her friends and relations will accept of this as a sufficient notification of her death.

The story of the unfortunate attempt made by an insane young man, of administering poison by arsenic in his grandmother's family, is in every one's mouth; but we are happy to inform the public, that every apprehension, arising therefrom, is now removed, and all the family recovered, except an old lady, whose decline of health could not stand the shock of the medicine necessary to guard against the effect of the arsenic. The unhappy young man was, on account of his disease, kept under proper restraint in England in the course of last year; but the natural affection and humane disposition of his grandmother led her to imagine that he would recover under her eye, without any restraint; and having been accordingly sent down to her with his keeper, in December last, he was soon left to himself, his keeper discharged, and the above has been the unfortunate consequence. So soon as the effects of the poison began to appear, he immediately exclaimed what he had done, went himself to call for medical assistance, and has since disappeared.

The King has been pleased to present the Rev. Mr James Williamson, minister of the gospel at Eyemouth, to the Kirk and parish of Warrick, in East Lothian, vacant by the death of the late Rev. Mr John Clunie.

Thursday being the birth-day of his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, when he entered into the 22d year, the same was observed here in the usual manner, except firing the great guns from the Castle.

Thursday morning came on before the High Court of Justiciary, the trial of George Hutchinson, and Peter Brown, journeyman bakers, and John Archibald, shoemaker in Canon-gate, accused of assembling in a riotous manner in the Canon-gate, on the night of the 26th of February, and giving William Wallace, late servant to the Lord Chief Baron, a mortal blow on the head, of which he died about five weeks after; also of attacking, beating, and abusing passengers on the high-street of Canon-gate that night. Mr Solicitor General restricted the libel to an arbitrary punishment. The examination of witnesses continued till half past two in the afternoon. The Jury were then charged for the Crown by Mr Solicitor General, and for the prisoners by Mr Allan MacConnachie. Lord Brixfield summed up the evidence, and the Jury returned their verdict yesterday morning at ten o'clock, unanimously finding the homicide charged against the pannels not proven, but unanimously finding them guilty actors, art and part, in the riot libelled on. The Court sentenced them to be imprisoned in the Canon-gate Tolbooth till Wednesday the 25th instant, and on that day to be whipped through the Canon-gate, receiving five stripes each at four different places, and then to be set at liberty. The Judges, in delivering their opinions, lamented the unhappy fate of the prisoners, and the severity of their sentence; but the frequent riots that had happened on the streets of Edinburgh, and its environs, from which very bad consequences had ensued, rendered it absolutely necessary to make an example of the perpetrators.

During the course of the trial, it was clearly proved, that William Wallace died of the blow he received in the riot; but

there was no evidence whatever, that any of the three above-mentioned pannels gave him that blow.

Counsel for the Crown, Mr Solicitor General, Mr Archibald Campbell, and Mr James Wolfe Murray. For the prisoners, Mr Allan MacConnachie, Mr Robert Dalrymple, and Mr John Erskine.

William Spiers, and William Bartleman, indicted for the same crimes, having fled from justice, were outlawed; but Spiers having surrendered himself soon after the trial of the three above-mentioned pannels had begun, was committed to prison.

Thursday, Marion Barton, servant to a taylor in the Cow-gate, was committed to the Tolbooth, by warrant of the Sheriff, accused of having stolen from her mistress's repositories a considerable sum of money. We hear, she had found means to lodge part of the booty with Fraser (now in prison) lately sentenced by the Court of Justiciary to be banished for life for insulting the Sheriff while in the execution of his office, and being otherwise very active in the late mobs. Fraser has since confessed the fact, and returned to the officers who searched him what of the money he had not spent.

Wednesday, James Herdman stood on the pillory at Glasgow from 11 to 12 o'clock, agreeable to the sentence of the Judge-Admiral of Scotland, with a rope about his neck, and the following words on his breast, in legible characters, "Here stands James Herdman, an infamous person, who did wickedly procure and direct the sloop Peggy to be cast away, in order to defraud the underwriters." He was brought from the prison down the broad stair, with the label on his breast, and the hangman holding the rope that was about his neck, and placed on the pillory at the Cross. The number of spectators was not so great, but the marks of indignation were more publicly expressed against him than on M'iver and M'Allan, the former delinquents.

The Unity, Grindlay, is safe arrived in Leith roads from London.

### BALLOON INTELLIGENCE.

As the public have been so long amused with the expectations of the Edinburgh Fire Balloon, it is hoped, that a full account of the transactions relative to that affair, may not be unacceptable. The projector, it seems, being unable to defray the expense, set on foot a subscription, which soon filled with names, but little money. In consequence of the dilatory of the scheme proving successful, in which case only the subscribers were to pay, those concerned in the construction were in no great haste, and the summer elapsed in performing what might have been done in three weeks; at the same time, that a report was very much circulated, that the project was to be stopped by authority, for fear of a mob. For this reason the time of the races, when a concourse of people was at any rate expected, was chosen for the exhibition. The time came on without the necessary preparations of machinery for erecting the Balloon; owing principally to the very slender support which the scheme had received from the public. It was determined to raise the Balloon by means of a lever sixty-four feet long, placed on the top of a mast fifty feet high; but this being injudiciously made too slender, gave way the day before the public exhibition; and as the necessary repairs could not be made in time, the company were disappointed the first day. The two succeeding days, the filling of the Balloon was interdicted by a strong westerly wind, and it was then removed to a more sheltered situation. On Friday evening it was inflated; and manifested a strong power of ascension; but as it was found difficult to resist by any means the impulse of the wind on such a large body, an end was put to the experiment. The expectations of all parties were now raised higher than ever, and it was thought that Saturday would surely gratify the wishes of the projector. Between five and six in the evening, the Balloon was again inflated, and Mr Tytler was preparing for his aerial journey, when in a moment a gale of whirlwind, as if sent by divine command to blast the hopes of this devoted projector, attacked the Balloon, drove it hither and thither, and by compressing it on all sides, soon reduced it to a state of flaccidity; some rents were made, which prevented any further attempts that night; the mob grew outrageous, tore to pieces and burnt a wicker basket belonging to the Balloon, after searching for the projector himself, who had prudently withdrawn after the experiment failed. The scheme, however, is by no means abandoned, as the projector declares, in the title of Mahomet, that "though the sun should be set against him on his right hand, and the moon on his left," he is determined to accomplish his purpose.

ARRIVED AT LEITH, August 13. Chiffelin, Wilhart, from Newcastle, with goods; J. A. Brown, from Glasgow, with ditto; William Smith, from Portlough, with ditto; Friendship, from Riga, with grain. — 14. Cumberland, Wilton, from Almouth, with grain.

PRICES OF GRAIN AT HADDINGTON, August 13. 1784.	
Wheat, 25 <i>s.</i> 6 <i>d.</i>	23 <i>s.</i> 0 <i>d.</i>
Barley, 21 6	21 0
Oats, 18 6	17 0
Peas, 18 0	16 6

On Monday morning will be published, By W. CREECH and C. ELLIOT, Edinburgh, And by T. CADELL, London. (Price 6*s.* in boards.)

### A TREATISE ON PLOUGHS, AND WHEEL CARRIAGES.

Illustrated by Plates. By JAMES SMALL.

Plough and Cart-wright, formerly at Blackadder Mount, now at Rosebank, near Forth, Mid Lothian.

"I boldly recommend a plough introduced into Scotland about twelve years ago, by James Small at Blackadder Mount, Berwickshire, which is now in great request."

"This plough may be considered as a capital improvement."

LORD KATMER'S, GENTLEMAN FARMER.

N. B. Gentlemen possessed of Subscription papers are requested to send them to John Small, Craig's Close, Edinburgh.

### BRASS AND YETLIN GOODS.

WILLIAM ARMSTRONG, Brass and Yetlin Founder, Grafs market, begs leave to inform the Public in general and his Friends in particular, That having lately erected a Furnace for casting iron, he hopes he can serve them with the following GOODS as reasonable as any in Edinburgh.

Window and Clock Cases.	Cods for Mill Gudgeons.
Cast Baths.	Furnace Wheels.
Plough Shoes and Mould Boards.	Railings.
Furnace Doors, Bars, and Grates.	Heaters for Vases.
Boiling Tables.	Ditto for Smoothing Irons.
Stove Rings.	Backs for Chimney-grates.
Weights.	And many other articles too tedious to mention.
Mill Gudgeons.	
With every thing in the BRASS FOUNDRY way, done in the neatest manner, and at the most reasonable rates.	
N. B. Commisions from the country punctually attended to.	
g <sup>o</sup> Work call to any particular Model sent.	



### PRESERVATION OF THE GAME.

As the Game on the estates of Glenelg, Edzell, Lethnot, and Narvair, has been much destroyed for some years past, and has suffered greatly from the severity of last winter, the Earl of Dalhousie finds himself obliged to take every method possible to preserve the grounds for the ensuing season. His friends, he hopes, will join with him in the resolution to spare the game this year; and all others must excuse him for taking every legal means for rendering his purpose effectual. Other persons, besides the fowling or game-keepers, are appointed for this season to preserve the grounds; and a premium will be given for the discovery of all such as shall endeavour to counteract the intention of this advertisement.

### SALE OF LANDS in ANNANDALE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the George Tavern, Dumfries, upon Wednesday the 18th of August 1784, between the hours of four and five afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE of THORNYWHAT, lying within the borough roods of Lochmaben and Stewarty of Annandale, as presently possessed by William and John Johnstons, who also possess the Mar Meadow, part of the estate of Callermains, and therefore excepted from this sale.

These lands consist of about 441 acres, whereof about 46 are runrig with the Hartwood and part of Holmains estates; and although they are at present almost in a state of nature, yet they are capable of great improvement, being in general of a very good soil, and mostly arable, and lying under the level of water, which can at a very easy expence be laid over them at pleasure, and which never fails to produce excellent crops. They are also in the neighbourhood of lime, which can be had at a very easy expence.

The situation is admirably fine, as the lands lie about a mile distant from the town of Lochmaben, of which they have a commanding view, as well as of the lochs which surround it, and of the rivers of Annan, E. Kinnell, &c. and the whole vale of Annandale, which affords a most agreeable prospect.

For further particulars enquire of Mr Johnston of Thornywhat, Mr Kirkpatrick, sen. merchant, or Mr Stothart, writer in Dumfries, who will show the plan of the estate, rental, &c.

### LANDS IN AYRSHIRE.

To be SOLD by public roup, within the Royal Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 1st September next, between the hours of five and six afternoon,

ALL and Whole the Two Merk Land and One Half Merk Land of LADYTOWN, Ten Shilling Land of CARLINCRAG, and Two Merk Land of OVERMUIR; as also, the Four Merk and Forty Penny Land of GLENS, and the Lands called the BYRE of BANKHEAD, with the tiends, personage, and vicarage of the said lands, all lying in the parish of Loudon and Sheriffdom of Ayr.

The lands of Ladytown, Overmuir, and Carlincraig, hold of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to a vote for a member of Parliament; and the lands of Glens hold of the Earl of Loudon for payment of a small feu-duty yearly.

These lands are very pleasantly situated within a mile of Newmills, and are capable of very great improvement. The present rent is about 180l. yearly, and the tenants pay all public burdens; but as some of the tacks are near expiring, a rise of rent is expected.

For further particulars enquire at John Moir writer to the signet, who has power to conclude a private sale.

N. B. Part of the price shall be allowed to remain in the purchaser's hands.

### SALE OF LANDS.

To be SOLD by private bargain, the Lands of ARNEIL and CROSSIE, situated in the county of Ayr, and parish of Kilbride. These lands are extensive, and very improvable. They consist of above 2740 acres, mostly inclosed and subdivided, of which above 900 are arable, about 200 meadow, and the remainder very fine pasture ground. They are at present all out of lease, and have for some years past been let from year to year for pasture only, and in that way yield above 700l. of rent, after deduction of public burdens. The sea, which is the boundary on one side, affords an inexhaustible fund of sea-weed for manure, and there is plenty of coal and lime at a very moderate distance from the lands. The mansion-house is old, and not in good repair; but there is a very good garden, and between 40 and 50 acres of natural wood and planted timber, all in the most thriving condition, part of it ready for cutting. The situation, with respect to views, shelter, highways, &c. is very agreeable and commodious. The whole lands hold of the Crown, and their valuation affords two freehold qualifications.

For further particulars apply to John Tait writer to the signet, who has power to sell, and who will show the title-deeds. The lands themselves, with accurate plans of them, will be shown by William Brown writer in Kilmarnock.

### Lands in the Stewarty of Kirkcudbright.

To be SOLD, within the Exchange Coffeehouse, Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 18th day of August 1784, between the hours of five and seven afternoon,

The Estate of CORSOCK, in the parish of Parton and Stewarty of Kirkcudbright, consisting of upwards of two thousand three hundred acres, with the Superiority of the lands of Craichie.

The Estate holds of the Crown, and affords a freehold qualification in the Stewarty of Kirkcudbright, and is rented at 221 l. 5 s. Sterling. If the Estate does not sell in *cumulo*, it will be exposed in the following lots.

LOT I. MARNHOUL, Upper and Nether AUCHINVEYS, rented at 45 l.

LOT II. BLACKARVIE, as possessed by Samuel Douglas, rented at 39 l.

LOT III. IRONMANNOCK, as possessed by John Lock, rented at 31 l. 10 s.

LOT IV. The Mains of CORSOCK, comprehending the Lands called the *Loch of Corsock*, with the Mill, Mill Lands, Maltures, and Sequels; and the Superiority of this lot, and of lots 1st, 2d, and 3d, and the lands of Craichie, rented at 103 l. 15 s.

On lot 4th is the mansion-house of Corsock, lying on the water of Urr, and a valuable thriving wood fit for cutting. The lands in this lot are all well inclosed, and subdivided with sufficient stone dykes, and are very improvable. The loch of Corsock, consisting of twenty-one acres, may be drained at a small expence, and converted into good arable and meadow land; and there are appearances of marble in the loch, which will be a fund of improvement to the whole estate.

The tiends are valued, and a decret of sale obtained, which will be conveyed to the purchasers.

If lots 1st, 2d, and 3d, are sold separately, the purchasers will hold feu of the purchaser of lot 4th, for payment of one shilling of feu-duty yearly, with a duplication at the entry of each heir, or singular successor.

If lot 1st does not sell in *cumulo*, it will, if purchasers incline, be sold in three parcels, viz.

Parcel 1st, Marnhoull, rented at 21 l. 0 s. 0 d.

Parcel 2d, Upper Auchinvey, rented at 14 l. 0 s. 0 d.

Parcel 3d, Nether Auchinvey, rented at 10 l. 0 s. 0 d.

To be held feu as above, of the purchaser of lot 4th.

Part of the lands are out of lease, and the whole will be so at Whit-Sunday 1785; and being let when the prices of cattle were very low, a considerable rise may be expected.

The progress of writs, conditions of sale, plan, and measurement of the lands, to be seen in the hands of William Campbell writer to the signet, to whom persons inclining to purchase may apply for further information.

Patrick McGeorge at Mains of Corsock, will show the lands.

A considerable part of the price will fall to be retained by the purchaser of the estate, if sold in *cumulo*, or with the purchaser of lot 4th, if sold separately.

For Charleston, South Carolina, and Wilmington, North Carolina,

### The Ship AMERICA.



Is now taking on board goods at Greenock, and will positively sail by the 20th current. The America is a very fine ship, above 400 tons burthen, and her accommodations for passengers are superior to any vessel in Clyde. For freight or passage, apply to Mr James Robertson at the Merchant Bank, Glasgow, or Fleemings, McAlister, and Co. Greenock. N. B. Charleston is one of the wealthiest and most flourishing towns on the continent; and mechanics of every kind will meet with better encouragement there than in any other part of America. GREENOCK, August 4. 1784.

### In the Counties of Ayr and Kirkcudbright.

To be exposed to public roup, under authority of the Court of Session, within the Parliament-hall, Edinburgh, upon the 22d day of November 1784, betwixt the hours of four and seven afternoon,

THE LANDS and ESTATE which belonged to the deceased JAMES M'HAUG of Kiers, in the following lots, viz.

LOT I. The Lands of KERS, comprehending the Lands of Over and Nether Bowgangs, Moss, and Burnfoot, lying in the parish of Straiton, and thire of Ayr; the proven gros yearly rent whereof is

L. 129 16 8 8-12ths

From which there falls to be deducted, for the tiends, one fifth of the gros rent, being

L. 25 19 4 1-12th

Schoolmaster's salary, 6 8 6-12ths

Free yearly rent, L. 103 10 8 1-12th

And the proven value, at 23 years purchase, is L. 2381 5 2 1-12th. These lands are pleasantly situated upon the river of Doon, within eight miles of the town of Ayr, six of Maybole, and two of Dalmellington. They contain betwixt 800 and 900 acres Scots measure, great part of which is arable and excellent meadow land, mostly all inclosed and subdivided. They admit of great improvement, and abound with materials, as they contain inexhaustible mines of coal, and quarries of limestone, which can be wrought at an easy rate. There is a good mansion house upon the lands, and some timber and planting. The lands are held blench of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to vote for a member of Parliament for the county.

LOT II.—The Lands of CHANG and CAIRN, lying in the parish of Barr, and thire of Ayr; the proven gros yearly rent whereof is

L. 98 3 2 6-12ths

From which there falls to be deducted, for the tiends, one fifth part of the gros rent, being

L. 19 12 7 8-12ths

Schoolmaster's salary, 4 7 6-12ths

Free yearly rent, L. 78 5 11 4-12ths

The proven value whereof, at 23 years purchase, is

L. 1870 16 8 9-12ths

The lands of Chang and Cairn are of considerable extent. They have never been measured, but are supposed to contain at least 2000 acres; the greatest part of them is best adapted to pasture, particularly for sheep, but the arable land is also considerable.

There is the greatest reason to believe that these lands contain very valuable mines of lead, trial having been made, and some ore turned out.

These lands are also held blench of the Crown, and entitle the proprietor to vote for a member of Parliament for the county.

The tiends of the whole above-mentioned lands of Kers, Chang, and Cairn, are valued, and are possessed under tack from the Deans of the Chapel Royal, for nineteen years after Martinmas 1782, for payment of 1 s. 8 d. Sterling of tack duty.

LOT III. SURPLUS RENT'S payable out of lands in Galloway, let in tack by the Earl of Galloway to Mr M'Harg, and sublet by him; the principal tack whereof is still current for three years after Whit-Sunday 1785. The free surplus rent arising from the sublet is 202 l. and the proven value thereof is

L. 320 0 0

The title-deeds, rentals, and articles of roup, may be seen in the office of Mr John Callander, depute-clerk of session; and for further information application may be made to Andrew Blane writer to the signet, agent in the sale.

### JUDICIAL SALE.

To be SOLD, within the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 15th of December 1784, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon,

The Following LANDS and ESTATE which belonged to WILLIAM MACFARLANE of Macfarlane, and JOHN MACFARLANE his eldest son, in the following lots, viz.

LOT I.—The Lands and Barony of ARROCHAR, comprehending the Lands of Nether Arrochar, lying in the parish of Arrochar and thire of Dumbarton; as also, the Forty Shilling Lands of TULLICHENFAUL, lying in the parish of Luss and said thire.

The proven rent, after all deductions, is 662 l. 5 s. 4 d. 11-12ths.

And the proven value of these lands, being twenty-five years purchase of the rental, is

L. 16,556 15 2 11-12ths

And the proven value of the extensive and thriving woods upon these lands is

3,202 0 0

Upset-price of Lot I. L. 19,758 15 2 11-12ths

The barony of Arrochar is held of the Crown, and stands rated in the valuation-books of the county at the sum of 734 l. 14 s. 2 d. The lands of Tullichentaul are held feu of Sir James Colquhoun of Luss.

The woods upon this estate are very extensive, and have risen considerably in value since the proof was taken, which is about four years ago.

Upon one farm alone there is a rise of rent of 40 l. 17 s. 2 d. 6-12ths, at Whit-Sunday 1785, which makes no part of the proven rental. Considerable rises are expected upon other farms, the leases of some of which have expired since the sequestration, and the leases of many others are very near at an end.

LOT II.—The Lands of BURNHOUSES, lying in the parish of Eccles and thire of Berwick.

The free proven rental of these lands, after all deductions, is 681 s. The proven value of this lot, at twenty-two years purchase of the free rent, is 1501 l. 10 s.

The lands are held of a subject superior.

LOT III.—The Lands of BAILTAWES and HUNTFIELD, lying in the parish of Libbeton and thire of Lanark.

The free proven rental of these lands, after deducting one-fifth of the rent of Baitlaws, to the tiends of which there is no right, amounts to 71 l. 3 s. 10 d. 8-12ths.

The proven value of the lands, at twenty-two years purchase of free rent, is

L. 1566 5 6 8-12ths

The free teind of Baitlaws is 7 l. 14 s. 8 d. which at the proven value of five years purchase, is

38 13 4

Upset price of Lot III. L. 1604 18 10 8-12ths

The lands are held of a subject superior.

There is a good mansion-house, with commodious office-houses, upon the lands of Huntfield.

The articles of sale and title-deeds of the different lands may be seen at the office of Mr Bruce, depute-clerk of Session. Copies of the proven rental may be got from Francis and John Andersons, writers to the Signet; to whom, or to William Macewan, the factor on the estates, persons wishing to be informed of further particulars may apply.

For Morant Bay and Kingston, in Jamaica,

### The Ship CASTLESEMPLE.



ALEX. MACKINLAY Master, Now lying at Greenock, will be ready to take in goods by the 1st of August, and will be clear to sail the 5th of September. For freight or passage, apply to Alexander Houston and Co. at Glasgow, or to Captain Mackinlay at Greenock. GLASGOW, 22d July 1784.

There will be LET for nineteen years,

### THE EASTER Farm of CORSTORPHINE.

consisting of the Meadow House Farm, the Paddock Holm, and certain other lands lying to the east of the road leading from Corstorphine to Cramlington, and consisting of 102 acres and upwards in Scots measure, of rich land, all inclosed, and lying within three measured miles of Edinburgh. The entry to the arable ground to be at the separation of the ensuing crop, and to the grass land at Martinmas 1784. There are two other fields, consisting of 33 acres, both inclosed, that may be had along with the above farm.

Enquire for further particulars at Mr Samuel Mitchelson, jun. writer to the signet.

### SALE OF THE LANDS OF BELLEVILLE.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the British Coffee-house in Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 18th of August current, betwixt the hours of four and five afternoon.

The House, Garden, and Parks of BELLEVILLE or CLOCKMILN, consisting of about twenty-four English acres, lying on the east side of St Anne's Yards, or King's Park, in the parish of St Cuthbert's, or West Kirk, and Sheriffdom of Edinburgh.

The advantages attending these lands (which will be sold in whole or in lots as purchasers may incline) are various, particularly in point of situation. Their vicinity to the city of Edinburgh—their being well supplied with excellent spring water, with stone quarries, &c. point them out as well calculated either for a villa, with gardens, pleasure grounds, pasture, and arable grounds, &c.; or, as affording sufficient space for erecting a variety of buildings, with a suitable proportion of ground to each.

The progress of writs and conditions of roup will be seen in the hands of Adam Stewart writer in Edinburgh, who will inform of further particulars.

N. B. If these lands shall not be sold, the House will be LET for some months furnished, with the Garden, and such part of the ground as may be required.

There is on the premises a quantity of very fine Hay for sale.

To be SOLD by public roup or auction, within the Exchange Coffee-house, Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 18th of August 1784, betwixt the hours of six and seven afternoon,

### I. The Barony of CLOWDEN, alias NEW-

ARK, lying in the parish of Kirkpatrick Irongray, and Stewarty of Kirkcudbright, comprehending the lands and farms of Rowton-bridge, Upper, Nether, and Mid Dalshairn, Lagg, Roughtree, Hallhill, Cubboxholm, Newark Braes, Whinnihill, Ingleson, Galeside, or Kirkpatrick and Clowden, with the corn, barley, and wheat mills; a salmon-fishing in the river Clowden, and the vice patronage of the parish of Kirkpatrick Irongray.

This estate is of a remarkable good soil, well inclosed and subdivided with stone dykes, and thriving full grown hedges; it is at present in good condition, and there is sufficiency of shell marle upon it to keep it so. It contains about 1870 acres, whereof 1500 are arable and meadow, about 90 wood land, and the remainder very good pasture. The present rent is 241 l. 6 s. 1 d. Sterling, but a considerable rise may be depended on at the expiry of the current lease. It holds of the Crown, and stands rated in the Cds-books at 1260 l. 10 s. Scots. The tiends are valued, and the purchaser will have right to them.

The woods are well inclosed, and very thriving; at last cutting, they fold for upwards of 700 l. Sterling, exclusive of the woods on Hallhill, which are presently fit for sale.

This estate is pleasantly situated on the banks of the river Clowden, within three miles of the town of Dumfries, and it has many delightful situations upon it for building a mansion-house, which would command the view of the rivers Nith and Clowden, the town and port of Dumfries, the whole Gentlemen's seats in that rich and populous neighbourhood, the Solway frith, and the Cumberland hills.

II. The lands of Over and Nether BARNIEUGHS, lying in the said parish and county, within a mile and an half of Clowden, consisting of about 200 acres, whereof 160 are arable, and 19 moir, where there is an inexhaustible quantity of shell marle.

These lands are all sufficiently inclosed and subdivided with good stone walls. The present rent is only 50 l. but when the current lease expires, four years hence, a considerable rise will be got.

The tiends are valued, and the purchaser will have right to them.

III. The lands and estate of GELSTON, lying in the parishes of Kelton and Buile, and county aforesaid, comprehending the farms of Boreland and Gelston, with the mill and mill-lands; and Crigley in the parish of Kelton and Buile, in the parish of Buile, containing about 1360 acres, all of an exceeding rich quality, well inclosed and subdivided, with stone walls, and full grown fencible hedges.

On this estate, there is a good Mansion-house and offices, with a garden and orchard, and some thriving plantations; and an inexhaustible quantity of shell marle for improving the fame, and for sale to the neighbouring heitors.

The estate is LET to good tenants, at 600 l. 15 s. Sterling, of yearly rent, the whole holds of the Crown, and the lands of Boreland afford a freehold qualification on the old extent. The tiends are valued, and the purchaser will have right to them in the parish of Buile, and to a current tack of the tiends in the parish of Kelton.

The situation of Gelston is very convenient and inviting, being within three miles of the sea-port of Auchincruine, on the Solway frith, and two miles of the great military road leading from Carlisle to Portpatrick, to both of which there are good roads.

IV. These parts of the Barony of GLASNOCK, lying in the parish of Penningham and county of Wigton, comprehending the farms of Over and Nether Gafnocks, Killeal, Kirkchrist, and Killymore, with a salmon fishing in the river Bladnock, and the superiority of the lands of Drummory and Carlsbie, lying in the parish of Kirkcowan, and county of Wigton.

There are good grazing lands, both for black cattle and sheep. The present rent, including the feu duties in Kirkcowan parish, is only 114 l. 12 s. 9 d. 6-12ths, but the tenants paid large grassfims in 1766, when their leases commenced; so in 1787, when they expire, a great rise may be depended on, large offers being already made. The tiends are valued, and the tenants pay all the public burdens, stipend excepted.

V. The farm of CULSCADDEN, in the parish of Sorbie and county of Wigton, also part of the said Barony of Glasnock, let at 160 l. per annum, consisting of about 290 acres, all good arable land, except about 15 acres lying on the Bay of Wigton, and having a safe port for exporting the produce of the lands.

This farm all inclosed and subdivided, has within it an inexhaustible quantity of shell marle, and sea shells; and the kelp on the shore yields from ten to twelve guineas every third year.

The tiends are valued.

The title deeds, conditions of sale, tacks, rentals, plans, and measurements of the several estates before-mentioned, will be seen in the hands of William Campbell writer to the signet; and for further information apply to Alexander Farquharson accountant in Edinburgh, who has power to sell by private bargain.

John Linton in Galeside, near Dumfries, will show the estate of Clowden, Mr Heron, jun. of Ingleson, the estate of Gelston, and Mr Cockburn at Cree-bridge, the lands in Wigton shire.